

Bitopertin End of Phase 2 Meeting Feedback

November 4, 2024



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Introduction and Summary

John Quisel, J.D., PhD, Chief Executive Officer



Detailed Review of End of Phase 2 Feedback Steve Caffé, M.D., Chief Regulatory Officer



Proposed APOLLO Study Parameters Will Savage, M.D., PhD, Chief Medical Officer

Closing Remarks John Quisel, J.D., PhD, Chief Executive Officer





Key Takeaways from Positive End of Phase 2 Meeting

Alignment with the FDA on all proposed study parameters

- **FDA** acknowledged that EPP is a serious and potentially life-threatening disease with significant unmet medical need
- > FDA agreed that average monthly time in sunlight without pain at the end of a 6month treatment period can be used as a primary endpoint
 - PPIX reduction may be sufficient as a surrogate endpoint supportive of accelerated approval



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Proceeding to APOLLO, a 6-month study with a 60 mg dose of bitopertin in EPP and XLP patients ages 12+



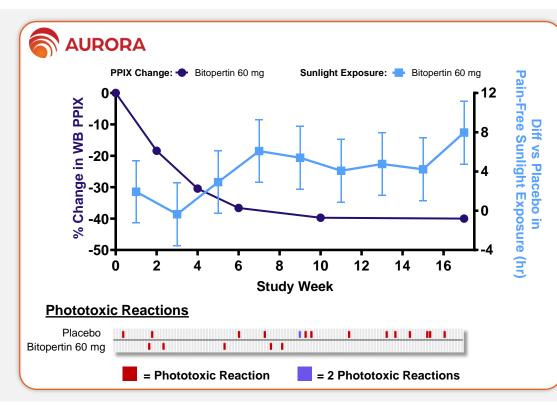
EPP Phase 2 Development Program BEACON, AURORA, and HELIOS Studies



Successful end of Phase 2 meeting with the FDA acknowledging the high unmet need in EPP and supporting our chosen trial parameters; clear development path to registration



Summary of AURORA Results Bitopertin 60 mg



- Significant reductions in PPIX 40% reduction vs baseline
- Time-dependent, improvements in painfree time in sunlight vs placebo
 2x more light time vs baseline
- Significant 75% reduction in rate of phototoxic reactions vs placebo
 Phototoxic reaction-free in last 60 days
- Significant improvement in PGIC vs placebo
 86% reported EPP was 'much better'
- Clear association between PPIX reduction and clinical endpoints





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Detailed FDA Feedback

FDA agreed to all study parameters Disc requested prior to the meeting

Disc Request

FDA Agreement

Primary Endpoint	Average monthly total time in sunlight without pain between 10:00 and 18:00 after 6 months of treatment is clinically meaningful and can serve as a primary endpoint	\checkmark
Additional Endpoints	Change in PPIX, occurrence of phototoxic reactions, cumulative total pain- free time in sunlight, and patient global impression of change (PGIC)	\checkmark
Dose and Duration	Proceed with 60 mg dose of bitopertin and 6-month study duration	\checkmark
Study Population	Patients aged 12 years and older with EPP, including XLP	\checkmark



Accelerated Approval

Accelerated approval pathway allows for earlier marketing authorization using a surrogate endpoint. Full approval is subject to demonstration of clinical benefit in a confirmatory trial

- FDA acknowledged PPIX reduction, as demonstrated in AURORA, may serve as surrogate endpoint to support accelerated approval
- An accelerated NDA package would include data from BEACON, AURORA, HELIOS, and a >4,000 participant safety database
- > Will meet with FDA to finalize confirmatory trial design
- Expect to provide an update on this process in Q1 2025, while simultaneously moving forward with preparations for trial initiation by mid-2025





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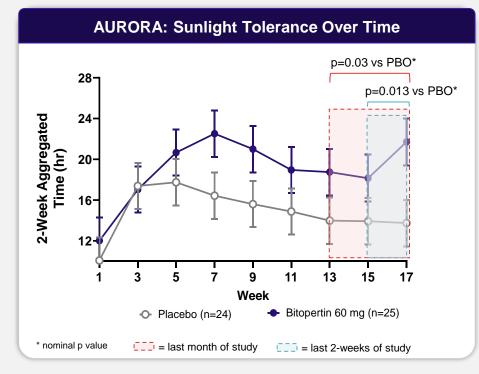
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Primary Endpoint: Average Monthly Time in Light without Pain After 6 Months of Treatment



o Robust Endpoint

- Longitudinal analysis leverages robust model that demonstrated significance in AURORA
- Accounts for time-dependent PPIX lowering effects with bitopertin and for waning of a placebo effect
- Endpoint has >80% power with 150 patients

o Strong Study Design

- Rigorous evaluation of baseline light tolerance required during screening and factored into analysis of the primary endpoint
- Stratification by geography to minimize confounding factors affecting light exposure across study arms

APOLLO Study Parameters



N Size	~150 patients across sites in the US and Europe	
Trial Duration	6-month treatment period	
Trial Design	Randomized 1:1, double-blind, placebo-controlled	
Trial Population	EPP and XLP patients ages 12+, stratified by baseline light tolerance and geography	
Dose	60 mg	
Primary Endpoint	Average monthly total time in sunlight without pain between 10:00 and 18:00 after 6 months of treatment	
	Change from baseline in whole blood metal-free PPIX	
	Occurrence of phototoxic reactions	
Additional Endpoints	 Patient global impression of change (PGIC) 	
	Cumulative total pain-free time in sunlight	
	Safety and tolerability	





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Key Takeaways from End of Phase 2 Meeting

Endpoint Alignment

Alignment with FDA on clinically meaningful endpoints

Target Population Included

Study can be conducted in adults and adolescents (ages 12+) with EPP and XLP

Desired Dose Endorsed

Endorsement of 60 mg dose for 6month study

Accelerated Approval Potential

PPIX may serve as a surrogate endpoint to support accelerated approval



Next Steps and Upcoming Catalysts

Bitopertin Next Steps

- Discussion of confirmatory trial design with FDA, with updates provided in Q1 2025
- Trial initiation by mid-2025
- European protocol assistance and confirmation of regulatory path with EMA
- Commercialization and launch preparation

Q4 2024 Catalysts

• ASN: Presented positive Phase 1 SAD data for DISC-0974 in CKD

Additional data updates by EOY

- Bitopertin: Additional analyses from BEACON and AURORA
- DISC-0974: Complete Phase 1b data in MF anemia
- DISC-3405: Phase 1 HVOL MAD data

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